

# AD109 - Java Programming with Domino: A Look at Servlets and JSPs

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# Agenda

- Using Servlets in Domino
- JSP Basics
- Using JSPs with Domino
- Demo of Servlets, JSPs
- Deployment Considerations



# What is a Servlet?

- Java Object that extends a server
  - written to a standard interface - Java Servlet API
- Serves up custom data
- Gateway object
  - between web server and resident objects
- Message handler
  - Requests In
  - Responses Out

# Servlet Support in Domino R5

- Built in Java Servlet Engine for JSDK 2.0
- Servlet Manager is pluggable
- IBM WebSphere 2.0, 3.0 compatible

# Configuring Domino for Servlets

- Server Record
  - Internet Protocols Tab
    - Domino Web Engine Tab
    - Java Servlets Section

Java Servlets	
Java servlet support:	<b>Domino Servlet Manager</b>
Servlet URL path:	/servlet
Class path:	domino/servlet
Servlet file extensions:	
Session state tracking:	Enabled
Idle session time-out:	30 minutes
Maximum active sessions:	1024
Session persistence:	Disabled



# Tools for Developing a Servlet

- JSDK 2.0 documentation at [java.sun.com](http://java.sun.com)
- Commercial Java Development Packages
  - VisualAge 2.0
- No Frills route
  - put JSDK.jar (packaged with R5) into classpath
  - javac

# Writing the Servlet

- Extend `javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet`
- Implement the desired methods
  - `doGet()`
  - `doPost()`
  - `init()` & `destroy()`
- place class files into servlet dir
  - `<Domino data dir>/domino/servlet`
- Invoke by URL
  - `/servlet/name`
  - `http://bgibsontpad/servlet/Hello?userName=Becky`



# Simple Example

```
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import lotus.domino.*;
import java.io.*;

public class Hello extends HttpServlet {
    public void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse res) throws ServletException, IOException {
        res.setContentType("text/html");
        PrintWriter out = res.getWriter();
        String user = req.getParameter("userName");
        try {
            NotesThread.sinitThread();
            Session session = NotesFactory.createSession();
            String serverName = session.getServerName();
            String userName = session.getUserName();
            StringBuffer s = new StringBuffer();
            s.append("<HTML><HEAD><TITLE>Welcome to Lotusphere Europe 2000</TITLE><BODY><BR><BR><BR>");
            s.append("<CENTER><FONT FACE=\"Comic Sans MS\" SIZE=\"7\">Welcome to Lotusphere Europe 2000");
            if (user != null && user.length() > 0)
                s.append(", " + user);
            s.append("!</FONT><BR><FONT SIZE=\"5\">This servlet is running on : " + serverName + "<BR>");
            s.append("The user name is: " + userName + "</FONT><BR></CENTER></BODY></HTML>");
            out.println(s.toString());
            out.close();
            session.recycle(); // clean up objects
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            NotesThread.stermThread();
        }
    } // end of doGet
} // end of Hello class
```



# Servlet Startup

- Servlet Manager ClassLoader loads servlet
  - uses domino/servlet path
- System ClassLoader loads other classes
  - locates using CLASSPATH
- init() method executes
- doGet() or doPost() executes for each request
- Servlet classes REUSED

# Debugging the Servlet

- Must reload after each change
  - tell http quit & load http
  - tell http restart
- `System.out.println("messages display on the server console");`



# Servlet Security Issues

- Servlet code is "trusted"
- Security of place
- R4.6/R5 runs under server authority
- As of R5.02 - ability to establish user authority
  - enabled within servlet code
  - `NotesFactory.createSession("",username,password);`

# Maintaining the Session State

- Servlet support for shared, persistent state
- Implement HttpSession Interface
- Maintained across HTTP requests and restarts
  - across restarts only if implement `java.io.Serializable`



# Servlet Configuration via servlets.properties File

- <Domino data dir> \servlets.properties
- Replaces servlet.cnf (R4.6)
- Standard Java Properties file format
- Directives:
  - servlets.startup = <name1> <name2>
  - servlet.<name>.initArgs = <argname=value>, <arg2=value>
  - servlet.alias.code = <class>
  - servlet.<name>.extension = <ext> <ext2>

# Servlet Summary

- Extend server capabilities
- Performance is critical
- Need to maintain session state
- Want full control over HTML generation



# What is a JSP?

- JavaServer Page
  - JavaServer Pages Specification from [java.sun.com](http://java.sun.com)
- Java based technology for developing dynamic web pages
  - separates the presentation of data from logic
- New type of web 'page'
  - Java code embedded in the page with HTML markup
  - Additional functionality accessed via a set of markup tags

# How do JavaServer Pages Work?

- Based on Servlets
  - access to normal HTTP Request parameters
- JSP page gets compiled into servlet
- Servlet returns resulting HTML
- As long as page doesn't change, each request for the page executes the existing servlet



# Using JSPs with Domino

- Domino does not provide integrated JSP support
- Use a third party JSP container
  - Tomcat, WebSphere
- Install JSP container
- Run Domino & JSP container
- For JSP support access JSP container directly
  - <http://bgibsontpad:8080/Hello.jsp?userName=Becky>

# Simple JSP

```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Welcome to Lotusphere Europe</TITLE>
</HEAD><BODY>
<% String name=request.getParameter("userName");
    if (name == null) name = "Devoted Notes Developer";
%>
<BR><BR><BR><CENTER><FONT FACE="Comic Sans MS" SIZE="7">
Welcome to Lotusphere Europe 2000, <%= name %><BR>
<%@ page import="javax.servlet.*, javax.servlet.http.*, java.io.*, lotus.domino.*" %>
<% String serverName = "";
    String userName = "";
    try {
        NotesThread.sinitThread();
        Session theSession = NotesFactory.createSession();
        serverName = theSession.getServerName();
        userName = theSession.getUserName();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
        NotesThread.stermThread();
    }
%>
<FONT SIZE=5>The server name is: <%= serverName %><BR>
The user name is: <%= userName %><BR></FONT></CENTER>
</BODY></HTML>
```



# JSP Tags

- Four categories of tags
  - directives
  - scripting elements
  - comments
  - actions
- General syntax
  - `<%x tagname attribute=value %>`
- All tags also support XML-based syntax
  - `<jsp:type.name attribute=value />`

# Tag Examples

## ■ Directives

- `<%@ page language="java" %>`
- `<%@ include file="relativeURL" %>`

## ■ Scripting Tags

- declaration `<%! int x=0 %>`
- expression `<%= object.property %>`
- code fragment `<% scriptlet %>`

## ■ Actions

- `<jsp:useBean id=beanName class="package.class" />`
- `<jsp:getProperty name=beanName property="name" />`



# Using JSP with Domino Objects

- Create a Bean to access Domino Objects
  - `<jsp:useBean id="pReader" class="ProfileReader">`
  - `<jsp:setProperty name="pReader" property="docID" param="docID" />`
  - `</jsp:useBean>`
- Use the Bean on the JSP page to interact with Domino data
  - `<% String title = pReader.getDocTitle(); %>`
  - `<B>Title is <%= title %></B><BR>`

# JSP Tag Libraries

- Introduced in JSP 1.1 spec
- Allows you to create custom tags
  - Wrap common behavior into HTML like tag
- Written to the JSP Tag Extension API
  - package `javax.servlet.jsp.tagext.*`
- Defined in Tag Library Descriptor
  - XML file that describes the tag, parameters, & class files



# Using a Tag Library

- Specified via a Directive JSP tag
  - `<%@ taglib uri="tagLibraryURI" prefix="Domino"%>`
- uri - how to locate the tag library
- prefix - namespace assigned to the library
- example:
  - `<%@ taglib uri="/WEB-INF/mylib.tld" prefix="util"%>`
  - Current time is `< util:date />`

# Possible Domino Tags

- Session
- Database
- Document
- View
- Item
- Query
- Loop
- Formula



# Simple Tag Example

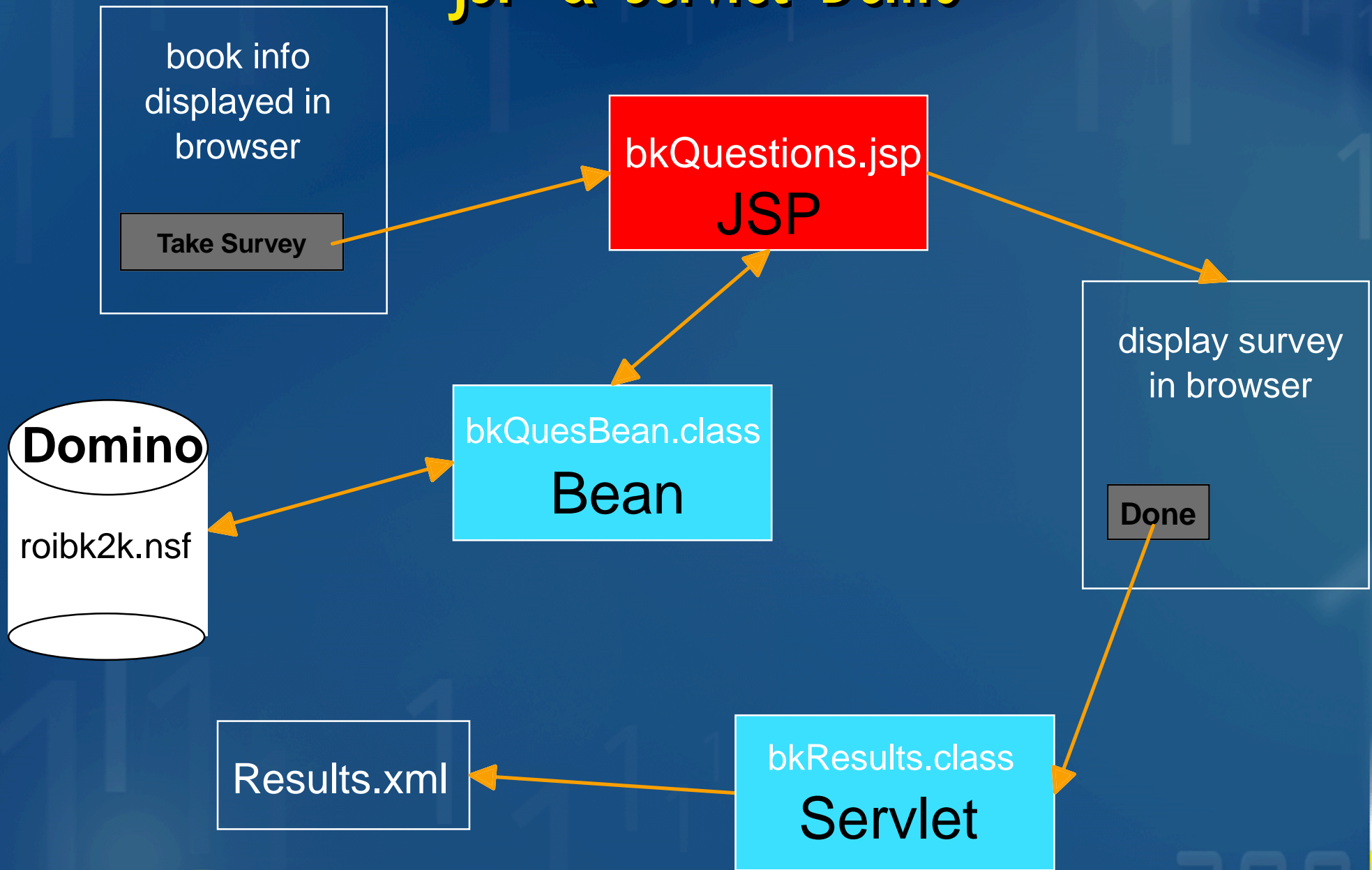
```
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Welcome to Lotusphere Europe 2000 - Tag Library Version</TITLE>
</HEAD><BODY>
<%@ taglib uri="domino.tld" prefix="Domino" %>
<%@ page language="java" import="lotus.domino.*" %>
<% String name=request.getParameter("userName");
    if (name == null) name = "Devoted Notes Developer";
%>
<BR><BR><BR><CENTER><FONT FACE="Comic Sans MS" SIZE="7">
Welcome to Lotusphere Europe 2000, <%= name %><BR>

<% String serverName = "";
    String userName = "";
%>
<Domino:session id="sInfo">
<%   Session theSession = sInfo.getSession();
    serverName = theSession.getServerName();
    userName = theSession.getUserName();
%>
</Domino:session>
<H1> Tag Library Example</H1>
<FONT SIZE=5>The server name is: <%= serverName %><BR>
The user name is: <%= userName %><BR></FONT></CENTER>
</BODY></HTML>
```

# JSP & Servlet Demo



# JSP & Servlet Demo



# Deployment Issues

- Servlets
  - Extend web server capabilities
  - Software runs at one location
  - Remember state between requests
- JSP
  - Need dynamic page content
  - Separate UI from page logic



# Futures

- Next Major Release of Domino
  - Servlet 2.2
  - JSP 1.1
  - LotusScript support in JSPs
  - XML/XSLT Support
  - Domino Tag Libraries
  - Designer Support

# Summary

- Extend server capabilities with Servlets & JSPs
- Servlet 2.0 integrated into Domino
- JSP support possible today via 3rd party container
- Access to Domino Objects
- Integrate both technologies into your Domino web apps



# Questions?

Please complete your evaluations

# References

## ■ Servlets

- <http://www.javasoft.com/products/servlet/index.html>
- <http://jakarta.apache.org/tomcat>
- <http://www.servletcentral.com>

## ■ JSP

- <http://www.javasoft.com/products/jsp/index.html>
- <http://java.sun.com/products/jsp/technical.html#syntax>

## ■ JSP Tag Libraries

- <http://www.javasoft.com/products/jsp/taglibraries.html>
- <http://jsptags.com/>